

Historic, archived document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

5271

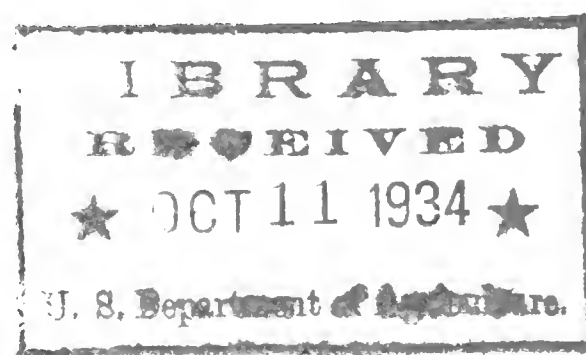
MONTBRETIAS
HEMEROCALLIS
TIGRIDIAS

OREGON-GROWN HARDY LILLIES



Autumn

1934



L. Pardalium Giganteum
"Sunset Lily"

For best results, buy domestic
bulbs that are fresh and healthy
—direct from the grower.

YEREX LILY GARDENS
TIGARD, OREGON, U. S. A.

To Our Friends and Customers, Greetings:

We present our offerings of lilies and other bulbous plants for the autumn of 1934. We hope this modest little catalog will prove interesting and instructive to you. It has been our endeavor to accurately describe the various kinds without over-stating their virtues or disregarding their faults.

Above all things it is our desire to deal honestly with our customers and with all men. If in spite of our diligent efforts to grow and ship only good clean stock, true to name, there should be any cause for dissatisfaction, we hope you will be prompt and frank in telling us about the matter. Be assured that we shall meet all complaints in the spirit of fairness and stand ready to correct whatever may be our mistake.

Many of you have written to express appreciation of our stock. Others merely show their approval by ordering repeatedly year after year. To all of these, we are very grateful. We hope to merit a continuance of your patronage.

Notes on Lily Culture

Accompanying the descriptions of the various lilies, we have set forth the cultural requirements of each except the very easy sorts. In general, lilies are not more difficult to grow than other herbaceous perennials, some of which may be grown under a wide variety of conditions and others of which require special treatment to thrive. Usually it is comparatively easy to provide the needs of the more exacting varieties when these are understood.

An ideal soil for most lilies is one which is sufficiently porous to permit fast drainage of winter rainfall but rich in humous which will retain moisture for the plants during the summer. Heavy soils may be improved by liberal additions of sand and leaf mold. On low ground, it is often advisable to throw out the soil to a depth of two feet and place at the bottom a layer of old cans, brick-bats or other material which will provide under-drainage. In back-filling, sand can be added to the soil if needed.

The common idea that the stem rooting lilies are the only ones that need deep planting is a fallacy. Many of those that root from bulb only, will do much better if planted 10 to 12 inches deep where the moisture content is greater and there is more protection from winter cold. Additionally, the rootless stems need the greater depth of soil to hold themselves erect without staking.

In districts where late spring frosts are common, it will be well to select a sheltered spot with the protection of low-growing shrubs or ferns. The shade of these helps also to keep the ground cool and moist later on which is very beneficial. A mulch of leaf-mold will retain moisture and provide just the sort of plant food lilies need. Wherever possible, avoid the use of manures in fertilizing lilies. They tend to spread injurious soil organisms such as symphilids (garden centipeds) which destroy the tender roots and often attack the bulbs. We believe this accounts for the loss of many of the white-bulbed lilies which are especially susceptible. Leothrips sometimes attack lily bulbs that are planted shallow in loose soil. Deep planting will tend to check the depredations of these and other insect pests. Bulbs so infested may be cleaned up by immersing for an hour or more in a solution of oil emulsion spray at the strength prescribed for dormant spray. Much trouble with lilies could be avoided by planting clean, healthy bulbs in new soil and thenceforth using only leaf-mold from under deciduous trees as fertilizer.

LILIES



A border planting of Sunset Lilies (Pardalimum Giganteum).

AMABILE—A rare species from Korea which seldom grows more than 18 inches high. The pretty, recurving flowers are quite large and of a brilliant tone of orange-scarlet known as grenadine red, marked with black. A splendid lily for the rock garden, requiring fast drainage and an open, sunny situation. June. 25c each, 3 for 65c, 12 for \$2.50. Very fine large bulbs, 40c each, 3 for \$1.10, 12 for \$4.00.

AURATUM PLATYPHYLLUM — The most vigorous and easily grown of the auratums. The massive white flowers have a central band of gold on each petal and are lightly spotted with the same color. The fragrance is very sweet. Under favorable conditions the plant attains great height. Fast drainage and acid soil, rich in leaf-mold, are the principal requirements of this lily. Plant 10 inches deep. August flowering. Home grown bulbs, very scarce, \$1.00 each. Japanese bulbs—ready in December, 25c each, \$2.50 doz.

BACKHOUSE HYBRIDS—See Marhan.

BROWNI—The true form, very scarce. Do not confuse with the much inferior variety, odorum, offered by some dealers. Lilium Browni is one of the world's best lilies. The wiry stems, clothed with handsome

foliage, bear one to several large trumpet flowers, exquisitely fashioned, marble-white on the face, emerald green in the throat and corinthian purple on the reverse surfaces. The anthers are cinnamon brown. Plant 8 inches deep, in sandy soil. Fertilize with leaf mold. Stem-rooting. Height 3 to 4 feet. July. \$2.00 each, 3 for \$5.50.

BULBIFERUM — A small European species allied to *L. croceum*, having smaller flowers of a similar shade of deep orange, which are held erect in the form of an umbel. The plants bear bulbils in the leaf axils. Plant 5 to 6 inches deep in ordinary, good garden soil. 3 to 4 feet. June. 25c each, 3 for 70c, 12 for \$2.50.

CALLOSUM — An interesting and graceful species from Asia allied to *L. tenuifolium* but blooming about a month later. The numerous star-like, recurving flowers vary in color from strawberry pink to red. Plant 4 inches deep. 1 to 3 feet in height. July. 35c each, 3 for 95c, 12 for \$3.50.

CANADENSE—The meadow lily of Canada. Graceful bells, minutely spotted, varying from red to yellow. Plant 8 inches deep. June-July. 30c each, 3 for 80c, 12 for \$3.

CANADENSE RUBRUM—The red form of this charming lily. We offer this only in collected bulbs and cannot guarantee the color. 30c each, 3 for 80c, 12 for \$3.00.

CANDIDUM—The beautiful Madonna lily with its immaculate flowers and delicious fragrance will always be a favorite in June gardens. Unfortunately, this grand lily is susceptible to the brown leaf-spot fungus known as botrytis. Do not plant it near other lilies but in a place apart, preferably in an open, sunny situation. If the ground is baked by the late-summer sun after the tops die down, so much the better. Do not cover the bulbs more than 2 inches. Poor soil will do. This lily should be planted not later than September. Please do not ask us to make shipments after October 20th. Healthy, Oregon-grown bulbs, 30c each, 3 for 80c, 12 for \$3.00; very large, 50c each, 3 for \$1.35, 12 for \$5.00.

CENTIFOLIUM—A wonderful new lily, discovered by Farrer in a cabbage garden in Central China. A giant among lilies. Long white, tubular flowers streaked externally with green or brown. It blooms after Regale. Very scarce. 4 to 8 feet. July-August. Flowering bulbs, \$2.00 each, 3 for \$5.00; selected bulbs, \$4.00 each.

CENTIFOLIUM — SARGENTIAE HYBRIDS—These are some very sturdy and beautiful plants resulting from crosses we have made. We can spare a few bulbs only at \$5.00 each.

CERNUUM—A rare and beautiful little species from Northeast Asia, allied to tenuifolium. The foliage is long and slender. The flowers are lilac pink and sweet scented. Stem-rooting. 12 to 18 inches. June-July. 40c each, 3 for \$1.10, \$4.00 doz.

CHALCEDONICUM—The Scarlet Martagon Lily of Greece. This gorgeous, waxy, scarlet Turks Cap Lily should be in all collections. After becoming established, it provides one of the most brilliant displays in the garden. Cultural requirements are similar to *L. testaceum*. 3 to 4 feet. Late July. \$1.25 each, 3 for \$3.50.

COLUMBIANUM—This pretty Oregon native loves a woodland setting or a nook in the wild garden, with plenty of sand and humus in the soil. Plant 8 inches deep. Its golden-yellow turkscaps open in July. Nursery-grown bulbs, 30c each, 3 for 80c, 12 for \$3.00.

COLUMBIANUM INGRAMI—A very vigorous and superior form from Southwestern Oregon, bearing more and larger flowers than the type. The color varies from orange to red in different specimens. Culture as above. Large, garden grown bulbs, 40c each, 3 for \$1.10, 12 for \$4.00.

CONCOLOR—A pretty little lily bearing on slender stems several bright red, upright flowers flecked with black at base of petals. A gem for rock gardens. Plant the small bulbs 4 inches deep. Stem-rooting.

12 to 18 inches. June-July. 30c each, 3 for 80c, 12 for \$3.00.

CROCEUM—The well-known Orange Lily resembles somewhat *L. umbellatum grandiflorum* but grows taller. The bright orange flowers often blushed with scarlet at the tips are held in a raceme instead of the typical umbel of the latter. It is somewhat susceptible to botrytis. Associate it with delphiniums and herbaceous plants and shrubs, not with other lilies. Plant 6 inches deep in any good garden soil. 3 to 6 feet. June-July. 50c each, 3 for \$1.35, 12 for \$5.00.

DAVIDI—A new and scarce lily from Central China. The cinnabar-red flowers, spotted black, resemble *L. Willmottiae* but open later and are borne on more rigid stems. 4 to 6 feet. July-August. Flowering bulbs, 50c each, 3 for \$1.35, \$5.00 doz.; extra large, 75c each, 3 for \$2.00, \$7.50 doz.

DAVMOTTIAE—A splendid new hybrid resulting from a cross between *Davidi* and *Willmottiae*. It is superior to both parents, possessing the rigid stalk of *Davidi* and the flowering qualities of *Willmottiae*. (See illustration.) 3 to 5 feet. July. \$1.00 each, 3 for \$2.75, \$10.00 doz.

DUCHARTREI var. FARRERI—This delightful and dainty species was collected by the late Mr. Reginald Farrer in Kansu, China, and called by him the Marbled Martagon, because its flowers are pure white, marbled with purple. The stems that issue from the small bulbs wander about amazingly before coming to the surface. Care must be exercised not to injure them by cultivation. Plant 4 inches deep in sandy soil, rich in leaf mold. Partial shade is beneficial, but do not plant too close to strong growing shrubs. 12 to 18 inches. July. \$3.00 each.

GRIFFITHS HYBRIDS—See Shuksan.

HANSONI—A choice Korean species bearing many handsome yellow flowers with thick petals. Most of the new Martagon hybrids have resulted from crosses with this lily. It is very hardy and easily grown, but should be planted in partial shade, as flowers are inclined to fade in full sun. 3 to 4 feet. June. 50c each, 3 for \$1.35, 12 for \$5.00.

HUMBOLDTII—One of the best California native lilies. The large, recurving flowers are orange-yellow spotted maroon. When well established under favorable conditions, this grand lily often attains great height with enormous heads of bloom. Thrives best in partial shade with good drainage. July. 75c each, 3 for \$2.00, \$7.50 doz.

HUMBOLDTII MAGNIFICUM—A choice California lily related to the above, but more easily established in gardens. The color is orange-yellow at the base of the segments, with prominent maroon spots which, spreading outward, are blended with crimson at the tips. 3 to 5 feet. July. 75c each, 3 for \$2.00, \$7.50 doz.

HENRYI—The Golden Speciosum



HENRYI (The Golden Speciosum)—This fine lily was discovered on the limestone cliffs of the Yangtze Gorge by Dr. Augustine Henry. Its exotic charm, rich color, hardiness and dependability place it high among the favorite garden lilies. In the Northwest it frequently grows 8 feet tall, bearing from 10 to 20 large, recurving flowers. The golden orange color is enhanced by a prominently green nectar furrow in the middle of each petal. In burning sunlight the color is liable to fade. This is overcome by planting in partial shade. *Lilium Henryi* is excellent for cutting. It will keep in good condition for two weeks or more, until the last buds open. The flowering time is in August.

Our Oregon grown bulbs are much superior to imported stock. These exceptionally low prices offer you an opportunity to make an impressive planting at small cost:

Flowering size, 15c each, 3 for 40c, 12 for \$1.50; medium size, 25c each, 3 for 70c, 12 for \$2.50; large size, 40c each, 3 for \$1.10, 12 for \$4.00; mammoth size, 60c each, 3 for \$1.60, 12 for \$6.00.

KELLOGGII—A Pacific Coast native bearing many pretty, reflexed flowers ranging in color from pink to buff. 3 to 5 feet. June. \$1.00 each.

LEUCANTHUM—See *Centifolium*.

MARTAGON ALBUM—The white martagon is a native of the Alps. Being of easy culture, it will thrive in sun or shade, but is especially pretty in a woodland setting, against a bank of ferns. Well established plants are a charming sight, bearing often as many as 25 waxy-white flowers. Plant 6 inches deep, in well drained soil. June. 40c each, 3 for \$1.10, \$4.00 doz.

MAXIMOWICZII—An Asiatic species resembling the Tiger Lily, but of a better color, taller and having a longer head of bloom. Produces a large plant from a relatively small bulb. 4 to 6 feet. July-August. 35c each, 3 for 90c, 12 for \$3.50.

PARDALINUM (The Leopard Lily)—One of the finest lilies. Hardy anywhere and easy to grow. Thrives best with plenty of moisture during the growing season. Native of Oregon and California. Bulbs increase rapidly, forming large clumps. The inner half of the petal is bright orange, maroon spotted, while the outer half is rich orange-scarlet. 5 to 7 feet. June. Fine bulbs, 25c each, 3 for 65c, 12 for \$2.50; very large, 35c each, 3 for 95c, 12 for \$3.50.

PARRYI—This fine species from the San Bernardino Mountains of California ranks high among the world's best lilies. It thrives in a cool, moist situation with good drainage. The slender stems bear from a few to as many as 25 sweet-scented, lemon-yellow flowers, faintly flecked with minute purple dots in the throat. 2 to 4 feet. June. 50c each, 3 for \$1.40, 12 for \$5.00.

PARVUM—A charming little bog lily which, with favorable treatment, grows 4 to 6 feet tall, with many small, bell-shaped flowers, orange at the centers with crimson tips. Plant 10 inches deep in sandy soil mixed with leaf-mold or peat in a cool moist situation. 50c each, 3 for \$1.40, 12 for \$5.00.

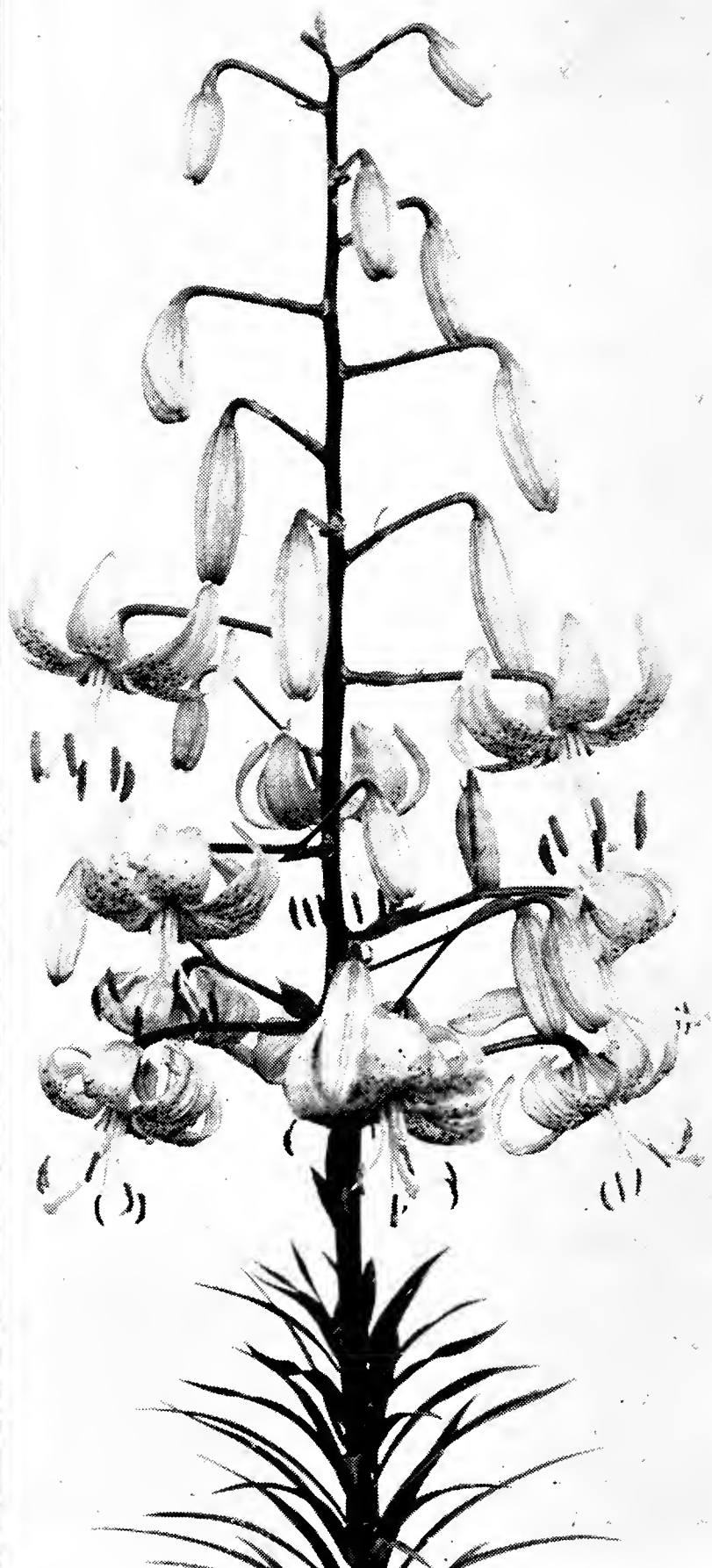
POMPONIUM—A rare lily from Northern Italy, with slender foliage and pretty turk's cap flowers of sealing-wax scarlet, somewhat like *L. chalcedonicum*. It needs a sunny situation protected from chilly winds and late frost. 1 to 2 feet. June. 75c each, 3 for \$2.00, 12 for \$7.50.

RUBELLUM—A lovely little pink trumpet lily native of Japan. It is best suited by a compost of stiff loam, leaf mold and sand overlying a gravel subsoil. Plant 6 inches deep. Height 18 inches. June. 40c each, 3 for \$1.10, 12 for \$4.00.



L. Giganteum himalaicum.

GIGANTEUM HIMALAICUM — The noblest of all lilies. A most elegant plant with large, heart-shaped leaves and a stem often 12 feet tall bearing at the top many long, tubular white flowers with a tint of purple in the throat—very fragrant. The ideal place for this lily is an open woodland glade or a northern exposure sheltered from the hottest rays of the sun. The large bulbs should be set shallow in soft ground, well mixed with leaf mold and sand. Satisfactory results cannot be obtained by planting flowering-sized bulbs. We therefore supp'y only good sized bulbs to flower the year after planting. 8 to 12 feet. June. \$3.00 each.



L. Davmottiae.

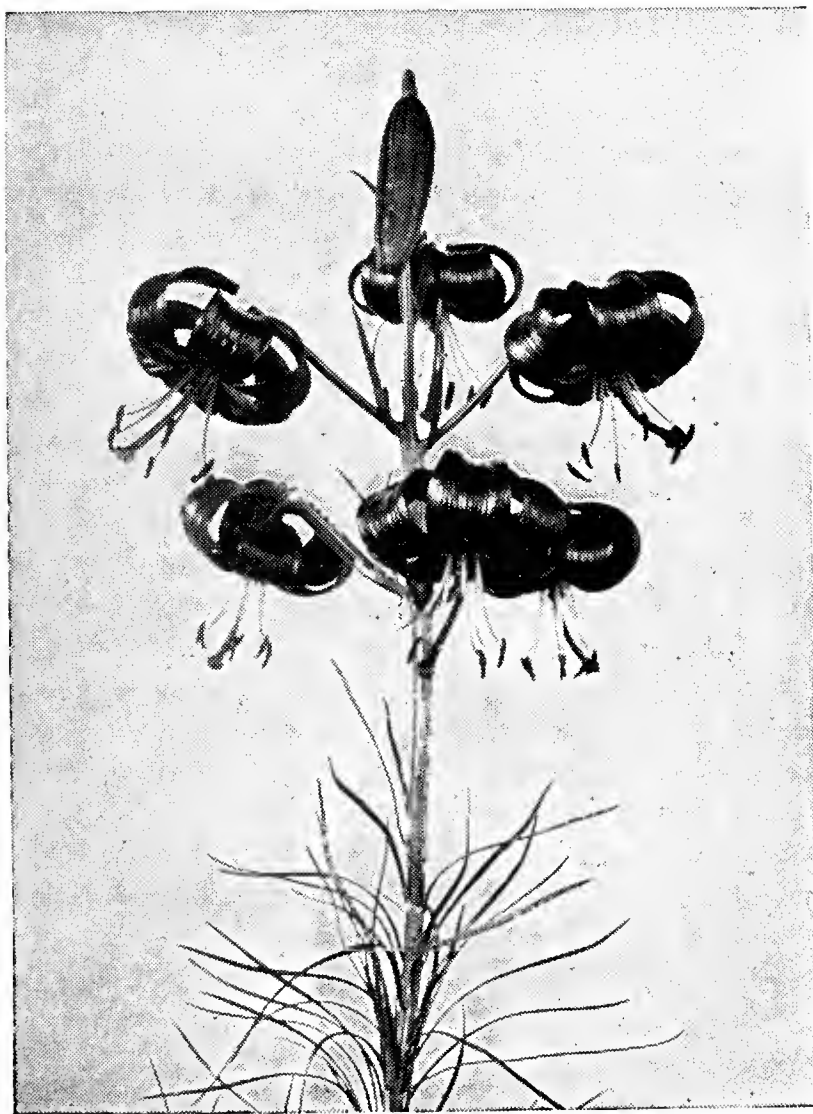
PHILIPPINENSE FORMOSANUM—One of the most beautiful of the trumpet-flowered lilies and also the latest to bloom. The face of the flower is purest white. The tube is long and slender, with a greenish tone in the throat and streaked externally with chocolate. The fragrance is delicious and spicy. This lily is destined to become as popular as *L. regale* when better known. Plant 8 inches deep in a soil rich in leaf mold. On account of its late flowering habit it should be given a warm, sunny situation which will bring it into bloom before frost. 4 to 6 feet. September. 35c each, 3 for 95c, 12 for \$3.50; large, 50c each, 3 for \$1.35, 12 for \$5.00.

Marhan Hybrids

A splendid race of hybrids resulting from crosses between *L. Martagon* and *L. Hansonii*. They are exceedingly vigorous and hardy. The tall stems are clothed with luxuriant foliage and surmounted by large and beautiful heads of bloom. These lilies are of easy culture, but appreciate good drainage and soil rich in humus. Plant 10 inches deep. 4 to 6 feet. June.

PRINCEPS—This is the name given by Dr. E. H. Wilson to hybrids between *L. regale* and *L. Sargentiae*. We offer one of our own crosses, an exceedingly vigorous plant with broader leaves than *regale*. The flowers are large and well formed. The pedicels of the lower tier bear two flowers each, one blooming later as in *L. Henryi*. This lily blooms after *L. regale*. 5 to 7 feet. Late July. Flowering bulbs, \$3.00.

REGALE—This magnificent lily is one of the most satisfactory ever introduced. Its easy culture and great beauty have done much to popularize the whole lily family. The flowers are white, suffused with pink and purple. As many as 25 blooms are



L. Tenuifolium.

Ellen Willmott—This fine lily originated in England and is still quite scarce. Like all the Marhan lilies it is robust and of easy culture, producing large spikes of beautifully formed flowers orange flushed and spotted with purple. Large bulbs, \$3.00 each.

Mrs. R. O. Backhouse—This grand variety, named for the famous hybridist, is one of her best introductions. A tall and stately lily bearing 15 to 30 flowers of an orange-yellow tone, lightly spotted purple. The buds and reverse surfaces of the flowers are flushed with pink. Large bulbs, \$3.00 each.

borne on the tall, wiry stems. 4 to 7 feet. Early July.

Flowering size, 15c each, 3 for 40c, 12 for \$1.50; medium size, 25c each, 3 for 70c, 12 for \$2.50; large size, 40c each, 3 for \$1.10, 12 for \$4.00; mammoth size, 60c each, 3 for \$1.60, 12 for \$6.00.

SARGENTIAE—A rare lily from China with long funnel-shaped flowers, creamy-white on the face, yellow in the tube, suffused externally with rose purple. It blooms after *regale*. Hardy and of easy culture. Prefers leaf soil and sharp drainage. Plant 8 inches deep. 5 to 7 feet. July-August. \$3.00 each.

SPECIOSUM LILIES — This grand species ranks close to *Auratum* in favor among the lilies of Japan. Additionally, it has the decided advantage of a good constitution which makes for easy culture and dependability. Unfortunately, most of the stocks received from the Flowery Kingdom in recent years have been badly diseased. We have been at considerable trouble and expense to obtain clean stocks. These are higher priced than imported bulbs, but worth it. The speciosums will thrive in sun or shade. Plant 8 inches deep. 4 to 5 feet. September-October.

SPECIOSUM MAGNIFICUM—Huge flowers, rich, ruby-carmine margined white. 50c each, 3 for \$1.40, \$5.00 doz.

SPECIOSUM MELPOMENE — Dark crimson purple, heavily spotted and margined white. 50c each, 3 for \$1.40, \$5.00 doz.

SPECIOSUM RUBRUM—See back cover.

SUPERBUM—A very beautiful American lily, tall and vigorous, bearing many large recurving flowers, yellow, spotted maroon in the center and blending to orange and crimson toward the tips of the petals. 4 to 7 feet. Late July. Good bulbs, 25c each, 3 for 65c, \$2.50 per doz.; large, 40c each, 3 for \$1.10, \$4.00 per doz.



Lilium Pardalinum Giganteum—Sunset Lily.

PARDALINUM GIGANTEUM (THE SUNSET LILY)—This magnificent new Oregon lily is winning fame both in America and abroad. It has been accorded much praise at the famous British Royal Gardens at Kew and Wisley. Mr. William N. Craig of Boston, author of "Lilies and Their Culture in North America" and one of the world's foremost authorities on lilies, writing for the *Florists Review*, states, "I consider this one of the finest of the garden lilies." He tells of seeing it at Wisley while in England last summer. Some bulbs were planted for a test at a depth of three feet. The plants came up easily through the deep soil and grew amazingly well. The exact origin of *Lilium pardalinum giganteum* is unknown. As far as we are able to learn the counterpart of it cannot be found in the wild. It is evidently a

rare and very superior form of *Lilium pardalinum*, possibly a mutation. We once, in common with others, considered it a hybrid, but the evidence accumulating from a study both of the plant itself and its seed progeny points to the contrary. It is not one of Burbank's or Purdy's lilies. It was first discovered commercially about seven years ago, having been grown prior to that time for over 40 years in the garden of an old farm home near the Columbia River. A good idea of the color may be obtained from the plate on the front cover. Under favorable conditions the plant attains a height of 8 to 9 feet. The stout stems, clothed in luxuriant foliage, hold their heads of gorgeous bloom aloft. This lily is wonderfully vigorous and of easy culture, increasing rapidly by natural growth of the bulbs. Plant 12 to 14 inches deep as this will insure a better moisture

supply and help to anchor the tall stems against their being blown over by high winds. To bloom the following summer, bulbs should be planted not later than November and earlier if possible. Flowering time July. Strong bulbs, 75c each, 3 for \$1.75, 12 for \$5.00. Extra large 2 and 3 crown bulbs, \$1.00 each, 3 for \$2.50, 12 for \$8.00.

SULPHUREUM—This lovely species from the mountains of Burma is one of the world's best lilies. From one to several large trumpet flowers of great substance are borne on tall, wiry stems. The name is indicative of the color—sulfur yellow. The fragrance is very sweet. Being one of the last of the trumpet lilies to flower, it lends its distinctive charm to the gardens of late summer and early autumn. Formerly the only supply of this lily was the wild, collected stock which reached the market only after months of exposure and severe treatment. Our fresh Oregon grown bulbs will be found superior in every way to the bruised and withered specimens from Burma. Prefers a sandy leaf-soil. Plant 8 to 10 inches deep. Protect in cold climates with a heavy mulch in winter. 4 to 6 feet. August-September. Flowering size, 50c each, 3 for \$1.35, 12 for \$5.00. Medium size, 75c each, 3 for \$2.00, 12 for \$7.50. Large size, \$1.00 each, 3 for \$2.75, 12 for \$10.00.

SHUKSAN—This is one of the splendid new hybrids developed by Dr. Griffiths of the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture by crosses between Pacific Coast native lilies. It appears as a fine form of *Lilium Humboldtii*,

but inherits the robust constitution of *Lilium pardalinum* which is the other parent. The color is capucine-yellow, spotted at the base with claret brown ranging to morocco red at the tips. 5 to 7 feet. July. Large bulbs, \$1.25 each, 3 for \$3.50, 12 for \$12.50.

TENUIFOLIUM—A charming little lily with slender stems, grassy leaves and flowers of vivid scarlet. Give it a compost of sandy loam and leaf-mold with perfect drainage in full sun. A fine rock garden lily. It seeds freely and grows readily from seed. Plant 4 to 5 inches deep. Height, 12 to 18 inches. May and June. 15c each, 3 for 40c, 12 for \$1.50. Very fine bulbs, 25c each, 3 for 70c, 12 for \$2.50.

TENUIFOLIUM GOLDEN GLEAM—A very fine form, with flowers of a rich golden-apricot shade. Identical otherwise with the common coral red type. 25c each, 3 for 65c, \$2.50 per doz.; large, 40c each, 3 for \$1.10, \$4.00 per doz.

TESTACEUM (L. excelsum)—Handsome nankeen-yellow flowers borne on stalks 4 to 6 feet tall. The demand always exceeds the supply of this fine lily. Success is not so easy as with some kinds, but the achievement is well worth the effort. Select a sunny situation protected from chilly winds and late spring frosts. The soil type is not so important if good drainage is provided. Plant 4 inches deep. 4 to 6 feet. July. \$1.00 each, 3 for \$2.75, 12 for \$10.00. Plant this lily early. No deliveries after October 20th.

Tiger Lilies

The Tiger Lilies are perpetual favorites. No garden should lack their cheery brilliance during the late summer days. They are of the easiest culture, thriving in any good garden soil. Plant 8 inches deep. The three following varieties are all good. Four of each will be sent at the dozen price if you wish.

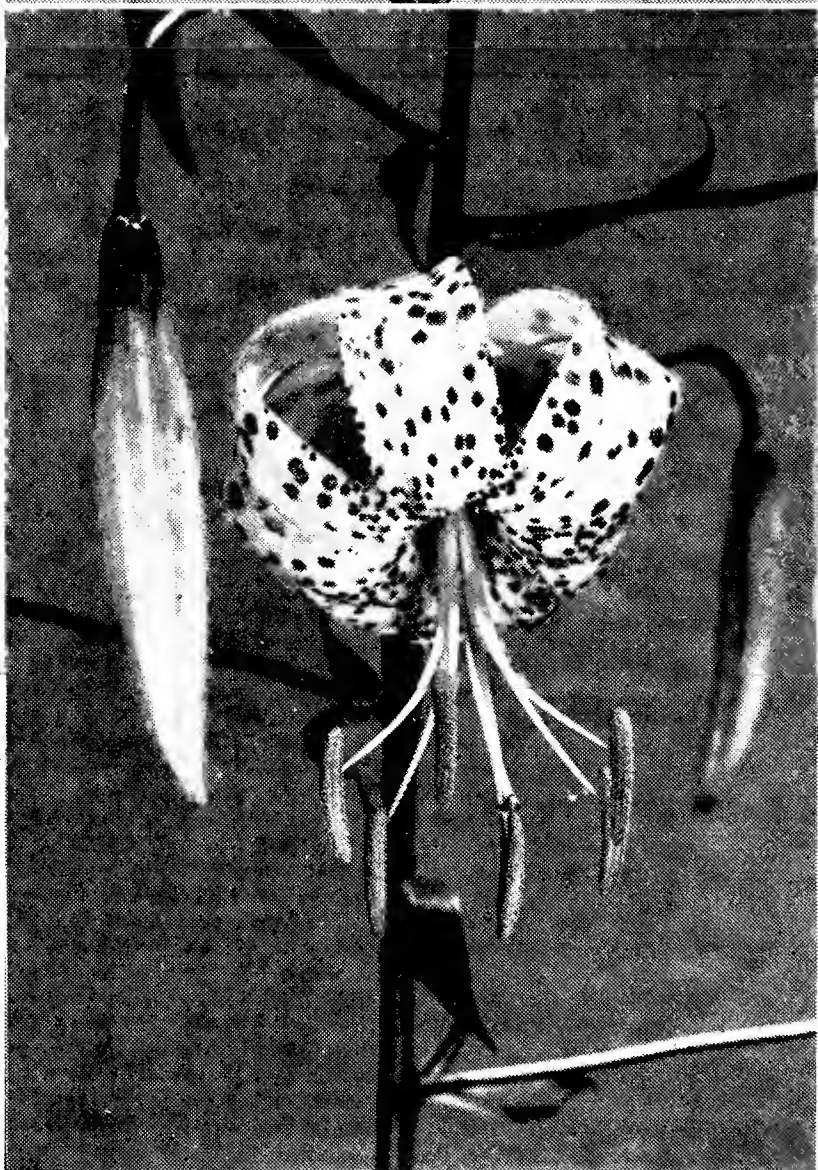
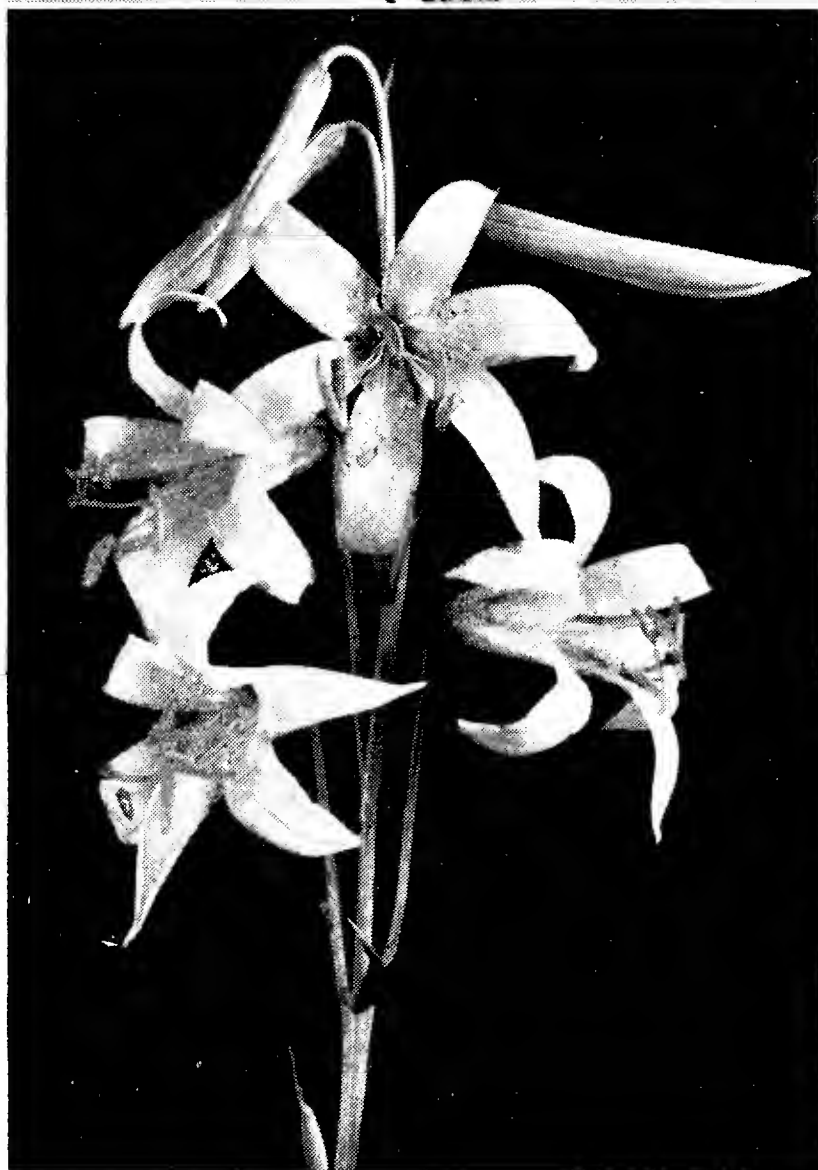
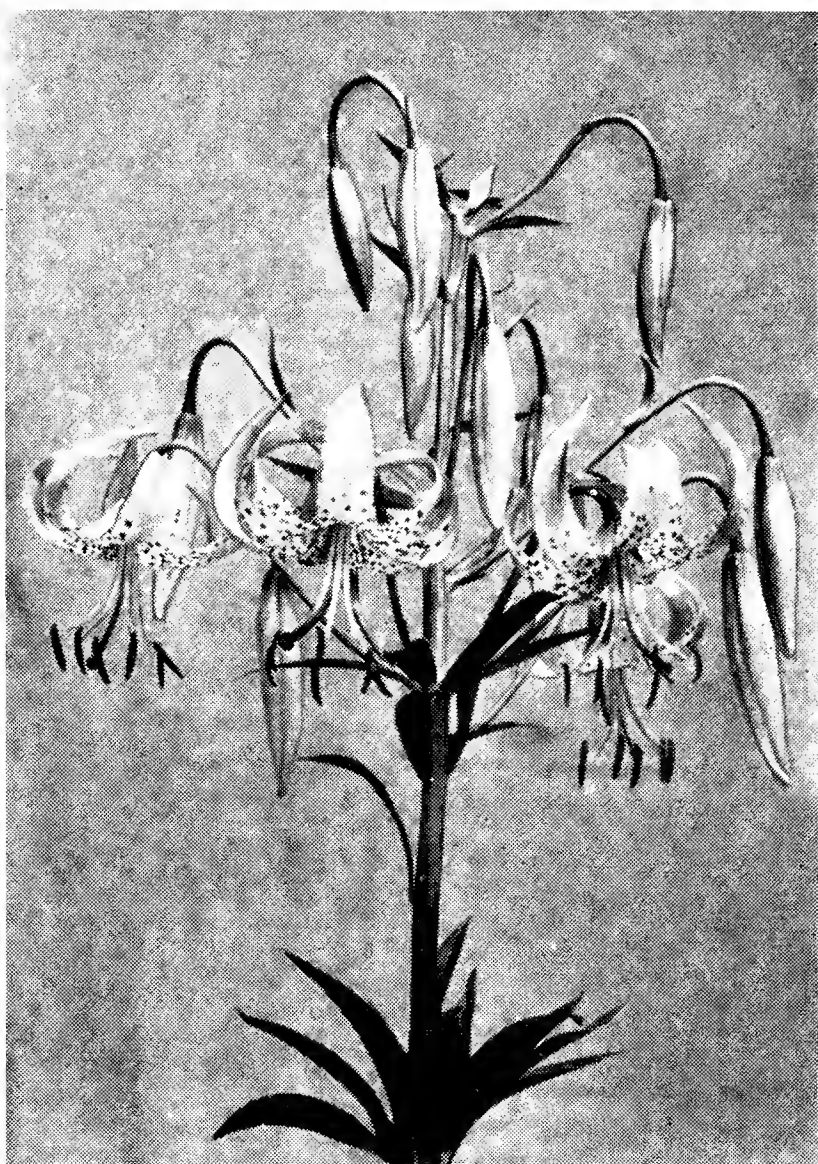
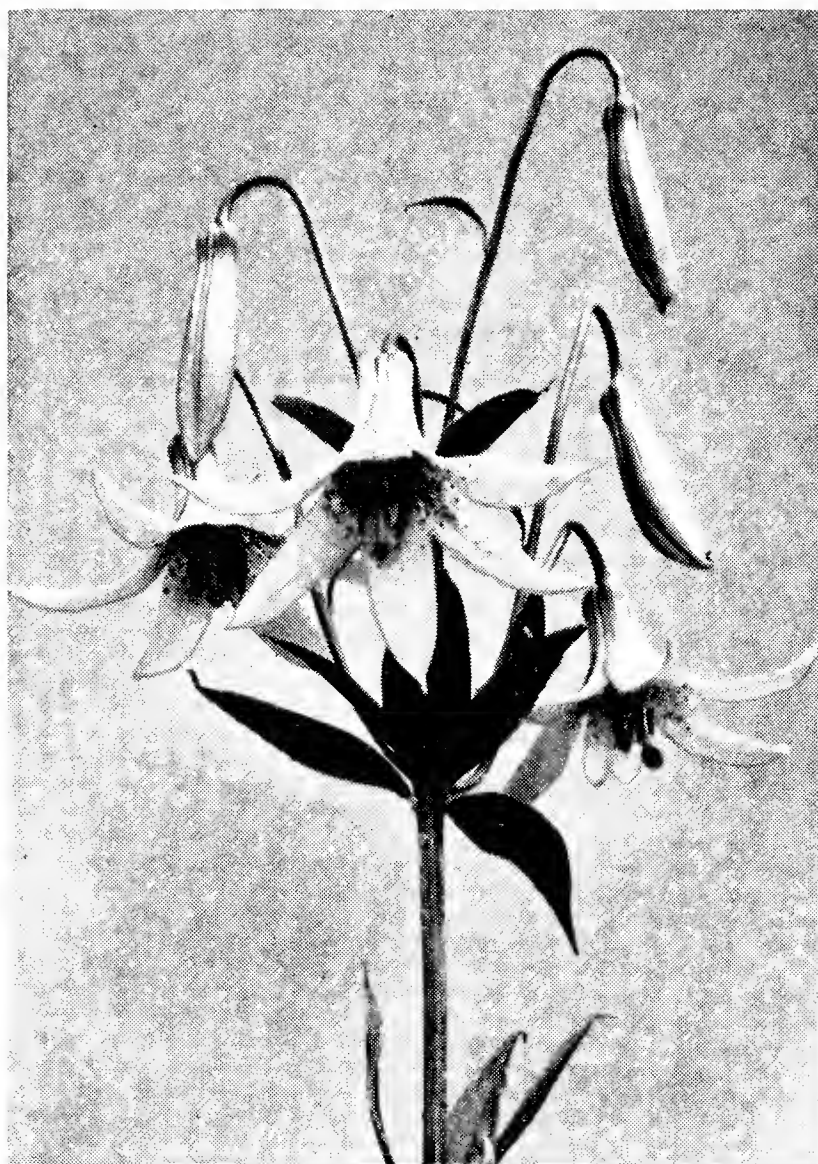
Tigrinum Fortunei Giganteum. A giant form growing often 6 to 7 feet tall, with as many as 30 flowers—salmon-orange, spotted purple. 30c each, 3 for 80c, 12 for \$3.00. Very large, 50c each, \$5.00 doz.

Tigrinum Flore Pleno. The Double Tiger Lily. This is a fine garden plant and unlike most double lilies is very attractive. Flowers later than the single forms and of a softer color. 4 to 5 feet, late August. 30c each, 3 for 80c, \$3.00 doz.

Tigrinum Splendens. A fine form, flowering earlier than *Fortunei*. Large, reflexed flowers of rich salmon-red, spotted purple. 30c each, 3 for 80c, 12 for \$3.00.



L. Sulphureum.



L. Canadense.
L. Parryi.

L. Superbum.
L. Shuksan.

Umbellatum Lilies

An early flowering group of hybrids from *Lilium Davuricum*. Easily grown and producing large heads of richly colored, erect flowers in June and early July. All the members of this group are satisfactory, if only for the reason that they will flower abundantly with little care and attention. They are seen to best advantage when planted en masse. The result is a wonderful display of rich color which may be combined with delphiniums and other perennials to produce a telling effect in the border.

Golden Fleece. A striking form. Very large, clear golden yellow flowers, with a blush of scarlet at the top of the petals. \$1.00 each, 3 for \$2.75, \$10.00 doz.

Grandiflorum. An extremely fine form, producing huge heads of bright orange-red flowers. 25c each, \$2.50 doz.

Mahogany. Very choice and distinct, with large shapely flowers of glowing crimson lake. The deepest color yet produced. Should be planted in partial shade as it fades in full sun. 50c each, 3 for \$1.35, 12 for \$5.00.

Splendidum. The finest of the highly colored varieties. Rich vermillion, with a contrasting tone of orange-green on the reverse surfaces. Very strong growing. 60c each, 3 for \$1.70, 12 for \$6.00.

Vermillion Brilliant. The most brilliant in color, having large heads of vivid blood-red flowers with broad, massive petals. 50c each, 3 for \$1.35, \$5.00 doz.

WARDII—A rare and beautiful martagon lily, discovered recently by the famous explorer, Kingdon Ward, in Tibet. When established, the plant attains a height of over 4 feet and carries a dozen or more graceful flowers, purple-pink, with dark purple dots. A bay in the Rhododendron bed is a good place for this lily. Set the bulbs 6 inches deep, in porous soil rich in leaf-mold. August-September. \$5.00 each.

WASHINGTONIANUM (Mt. Hood Lily)—This fine species from the mountains of Oregon is the principal trumpet-flowered lily native of America. Tall, leafy stems bear as many as 25 sweet-scented blooms which open white, but change to pink and wine color with age. Collected bulbs often supplied are liable to fail due to bruises and drying. Our garden-grown bulbs are fresh and healthy. Good drainage required. Plant 10 inches deep. 4 to 6 feet. June. 40c each, 3 for \$1.10, 12 for \$4.00.

Valley Type. In the past we have been accustomed to considering this species as strictly a mountain lily, but research has disclosed the fact that in pioneer days a superior form possessed of wonderful vigor grew in great numbers in the grain fields and prairie lands of the upper Willamette Valley. In some places the farmers actu-

ally considered them as weeds. The great bulk of them have long since been killed out by cultivation and cattle. From some that remain a stock of seedlings has been worked up. These we now offer, confident that they will prove thoroughly amenable to cultivation and demonstrate to those who plant them the true beauty of this splendid Oregon lily. The bulb is very different from the mountain form, being more compact and firm. Splendid bulbs, 60c each, 3 for \$1.60, 12 for \$6.00.

WILLMOTTIAE—This is one of Mr. Wilson's best introductions from Central China. It ranks among the finest hardy lilies. Foliage long and very deep green. Flowers recurving, bright orange-red. 4 to 6 feet. July. 30c each, 3 for 80c, 12 for \$3.00; 50c each, 3 for \$1.35, 12 for \$5.00.

SUNSET COLLECTION

15 bulbs, Western lilies predominating.

Value \$8.70 for \$5.00

- 3 **Sunset Lily** (*pardalinum giganteum*)
 - 2 **Shuksan**
 - 3 **Columbianum ingrami**
 - 1 **Humboldtii magnificum**
 - 2 **Martagon album**
 - 1 **Parryi**
 - 2 **Sulphureum**
 - 1 **Washingtonianum Valley type**
-

ASIA COLLECTION

\$3.50

Lilies of the far east.

13 Bulbs—Value \$5.80

- 2 **Amabile**
 - 1 **Browni**
 - 2 **Callosum**
 - 2 **Henryi**
 - 2 **Maximowiczii**
 - 2 **Sulphureum**
 - 2 **Willmottiae**
-

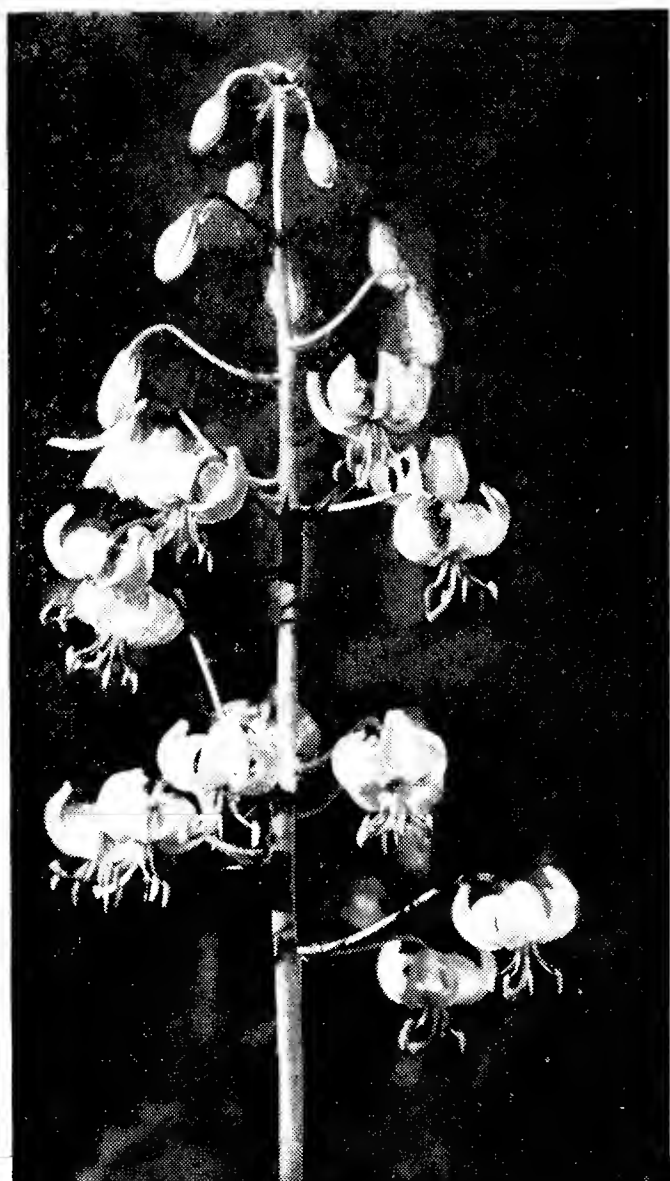
FAVORITE \$2.00 HARDY COLLECTION

Choice, easily-grown lilies.

1 each of 10 kinds, value \$3.45, for \$2.00.

2 each for \$3.75.

- Henryi
- Maximowiczii
- Pardalinum (type)
- Pardalinum giganteum (Sunset lily)
- Regale
- Superbum
- Tigrinum
- Umbellatum grandiflorum
- Umbellatum mahogany
- Umbellatum vermillion brilliant



L. Martagon Allum.
L. Umbellatum, Golden Fleece.

L. Browni.
L. Willmottiae.

A COMPANION FOR MIDSUMMER LILIES

ACONITUM SPARKSI—This is a very fine form of *Aconitum napellus* producing a broad spray of blackish violet flowers that bloom over a long period. We grow it because it makes such a beautiful companion plant for the midsummer lilies, after the delphiniums have gone. It has

received much praise from those who have visited our gardens. The bulbous roots are poisonous. This is one of the best of the monkshoods. Flowering size, 35c each, 3 for 95c, 12 for \$3.50; large, 50c each, 3 for \$1.35, 12 for \$5.00.

TIGRIDIA HYDRIDS

The Tigridias increase in popularity with each passing season. No bulbs give more richly colored or beautiful flowers. They are formed by three broad petals extending from a central cup. We quote from an article in *The Ladies Home Journal*: "This brilliant silken triangle unfolds from its long, slender bud and bursts into sharply contrasting tints of fire, leaping from bright yellow to molten orange and vivid scarlets. It is eagerly sought as a rare but sturdy garden novelty." A bed of Tigridias makes a gorgeous picture during July, August and September.

This bulb prefers a light but fertile soil and should have plenty of moisture during the blooming period. Plant 5 inches deep in full sun. In mild climates they may remain in ground over winter if covered with a mulch. In cold climates store during winter in soil or peat, slightly moist.

We are fortunate in being able to add some new varieties to our list. In the spring we hope to offer several more.

ALBA GRANDIFLORA—One of the finest of all. Magnificent large white flowers heavily spotted with carmine in the cup. Height 28 inches. Large bulbs, 25c each, 3 for 65c, 12 for \$2.50.

CANARIENSIS—This variety receives much praise in our gardens. Vigorous plants 24 inches high bear a continuous succession of large handsome orange-yellow flowers with crimson mottled centers. Large bulbs, 20c each, 3 for 55c, 12 for \$2.00.

LE GEANT—A splendid variety of French introduction. Very vigorous plants. Large scarlet flowers with red and yellow centers. 20c each, 3 for 55c, 12 for \$2.00.

LILACEA—A fine tall variety having very large pale lilac-pink flowers, purple mottled in the cup. Large bulbs, 25c each, 3 for 65c, 12 for \$2.50.

PAVONIA GRANDIFLORA — Vivid scarlet with yellow mottled centers. 15c each, 3 for 40c, 12 for \$1.50.

ROSEA — Bright rose-pink with white and purple centers—a constant bloomer. 15c each, 3 for 40c, 12 for \$1.50.

MIXED — A good mixture containing many lovely shades of color. \$1.00 per doz.

SPECIAL OFFER—One each of six named varieties separately labelled, \$1.10; 3 of each, \$3.00; 12 of each, \$10.00.

HYBRID MONTBRETIAS

EARLHAM LARGE FLOWERED HYBRID MONTBRETIAS. These are the magnificent New Montbretias which have won the gold medal at the Royal Horticultural Society's shows and have attracted such great attention wherever shown. They constitute an enormous advance over the ordinary Montbretias in commerce, being generally much taller and more robust in growth and having flowers of great size and beauty, some measuring 3 to 4 inches in diameter. They make first-class border plants and are of great decorative value for cutting.

Montbretias are of easy culture, preferring a light loamy soil well enriched with leaf mold. The moisture supply should be good. They thrive in the partial shade of borders or shrubbery as well as in full sunlight.

Montbretia bulbs may be left in the ground over winter if mulched so as to prevent freezing. Otherwise they should be lifted and stored in moist soil or peat away from frost.

HIS MAJESTY—A glorious variety, flowers measuring 4 inches or more across, very broad petalled, deep velvety scarlet shading down to gold. Height 4½ feet; the largest flowered of all Montbretias. First Class Certificate R. H. S. and Glasgow. 25c each, 3 for 70c, \$2.50 doz.

JAMES COEY—Flowers very large and open, of perfect form with smooth, broad petals, rich, deep, vermillion-scarlet with golden orange lustre; center yellow with crimson blotches. Award of Merit, R. H. S. and Haarlem. 25c each, 3 for 70c, \$2.50 per dozen.

LEMON QUEEN—Creamy yellow, pale center and deep orange buds. A very attractive flower and of great decorative value. 20c each, 3 for 50c, \$2.00 dozen.

MARJORIE—Large, open flowers, orange-yellow with crimson center. A beautiful flower, perfectly flat when fully open. Height 3 feet. 25c each, 3 for 70c, \$2.50 doz.

UNA — Flowers rich apricot with carmine blotch; a well shaped flower of good substance. Height 2½ feet. Award of Merit R. H. S. 25c each, 3 for 70c, \$2.50 doz.

NEW HYBRIDS—A choice mixture of the best named varieties. 20c each, 3 for 50c, \$2.00 per dozen.

MONTBRETIA ASSORTMENT

3 each of 5 varieties—15 bulbs, \$2.75;
6 each, \$5.25; 12 each, \$10.00.

The New Day Lilies - Hemerocallis

Most lovers of flowers are familiar with the Lemon and Orange Daylilies of our grandmothers' gardens, but for those who have not become acquainted with the grand new hybrids that have been developed in recent years a great surprise is in store. By crossing with recently discovered species from Asia new colors and forms have been produced. The result is a glorious race of plants that is being received with enthusiasm throughout the world.

The culture of hemerocallis is as simple as that of any vigorous perennial. They increase rapidly by root divisions. The leaves form tufts resembling those of the Japanese irises. With a good selection of varieties one may have a constant succession of bloom throughout the summer. Give them plenty of moisture during the flowering season.

The following five varieties are a representative collection of the best. An assortment comprising one of each kind, all labelled, will be sent for \$5.00.

BAY STATE—Brilliant and glistening deep yellow on 4 foot stems. The flowers have a delightful wavy edge which greatly adds to their beauty. A free bloomer, commencing about July 1st and continuing through August. \$1.25 each, 3 for \$3.00.

GOLDENI—This is one of the most distinct in the list, and while the flowers are not as large as some others, the coloring is especially rich and beautiful. A rich orange with apricot undertone, self colored, and produced in the greatest profusion. A genuine gem, flowering throughout July and early August. Medium in height. \$1.50 each, 3 for \$4.00.

MANDARIN—Clear lemon yellow, with greenish cast in the heart of each blossom. A very tall, wide open, recurved type of flower, increasing rapidly and commanding special attention in any planting. \$1.00 each, 3 for \$2.50.

MIKADO — Large flowers rising fully 10 inches above the graceful curving foliage. Body of flower is rich orange, with center of each petal blotched ruddy purple-red. A striking and wholly different sort, with stems over 3 feet in height. \$2.00 each, 3 for \$5.00.

OPHIR—Dark golden yellow, on stems that reach 42 inches. The individual flowers are extra large, of heavy texture, and



Hemerocallis.

make a splendid companion to the variety Mandarin. \$1.00 each, 3 for \$2.50.

Lilium Seeds

The growing of lilies from seeds is a fascinating enterprise for any gardener who has the time and facilities to devote to it. The majority of kinds come readily from seed, some within three weeks, some three months, a few as much as a year. American native lilies should be planted in prepared beds or cold frames in the fall. The same applies to the Japanese lilies, *Giganteum himalaicum*, the Marhan and Martagon lilies. The rest of those we list should be planted out in early spring or at any time in a greenhouse.

We offer the following fresh seeds of the 1934 crop, generous packets. Instructions will be supplied to those desiring them.

Amabile	\$.25	Marhan Ellen Willmott.....	.35
Backhouse Hybrids—		Maximowiczii .....	.35
Sutton court .....	.50	Pardalinum .....	.25
Mrs. R. O. Backhouse.....	.35	Pardalinum giganteum .....	.35
Centifolium (20 seeds).....	1.00	Parryi .....	.35
Centifolium—Sargentiae Hybrids.	1.00	Philippinense formosanum .....	.25
Callosum .....	.25	Princeps .....	.50
Canadense .....	.15	Regale .....	.15
Columbianum .....	.15	Sargentiae .....	.75
Columbianum ingrami .....	.25	Sulphureum bulbils, 20 for.....	1.00
Davidi .....	.50	Superbum .....	.15
Giganteum Himalaicum .....	.35	Tenuifolium .....	.25
Griffith Hybrids .....	.50	Tenuifolium Golden Gleam.....	.50
Henryi .....	.25	Washingtonianum .....	.15
Kelloggi .....	.35	Willmottiae .....	.35

TERMS. Cash with order, check, draft or money order. Please do not send orders for less than \$1.00.

CANADIAN CUSTOMERS are required to obtain permits to import plants and bulbs. Application must be filed with the Secretary of the Destructive Insect and Pest Act Advisory Board, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

TIME OF SHIPMENT. Unless you instruct us otherwise, shipments will be made at digging time in the fall. Early shipments allow bulbs and plants to become established before winter sets in. Where winters are severe, plantings of Lilium sulphureum, Montbretias and Tigridias are safer made in the spring. Send us your order and we shall hold it for you if you wish. 25% payment will hold until shipping time.

TRANSPORTATION. Prices in this catalog cover prepaid postage or express. Be sure to state express office if different from postal address.

SPECIAL CARRIAGE PAYMENT OFFER. If the customer will pay carriage charges on his order, we will include extra bulbs of his selection twice the value of carriage charges. Selection must be made from the following list: Liliums Amabile, Callosum, Henryi, Pardalinum, Pardalinum giganteum, Regale, Superbum, Tenuifolium, Tigrinum, Umbellatum grandiflorum and mahogany and Willmottiae; Montbretia His Majesty, Tigridias Le Geant, Canariensis, Pavonia grandiflora and Rosea. Collections listed are not included in this offer.

In this arrangement, shipment will be made either by express or parcel post collect. After weighing the bulbs and packing material, we shall determine the correct carriage charges and add the specified bulbs. Customers outside of U.S.A. wishing to take advantage of this offer, must add to their remittance 5 cents for each bulb ordered. We shall then include with the shipment extra bulbs twice the value of this total postage.

WE GUARANTEE all bulbs and plants to be true to name and to reach you in good and healthy condition. We cannot guarantee them to grow in your garden under conditions beyond our control. Complaints must be made immediately upon receipt of shipment.



SPECIOSUM RUBRUM — The illustration speaks for itself. Fine bulbs, home-grown and propagated from old naturalized col-

onies. 50c each, 3 for \$1.40, 12 for \$5.00. Imported bulbs, 30c each, 3 for 80c, 12 for \$3.00.